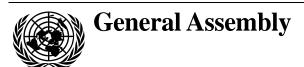
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Agenda item 107

Follow-up to the outcome of the Millennium Summit

Australia, Austria, Benin, Brazil, Canada, Cyprus, Finland, France, Germany, Guatemala, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Lesotho, Lithuania, Madagascar, Mexico, New Zealand, Nigeria, Norway, Peru, Portugal, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland, the Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania and Uruguay: revised draft resolution

Legal empowerment of the poor and eradication of poverty

The General Assembly,

Recalling the World Summit Outcome, 1

Recalling also the United Nations Millennium Declaration,² the Monterrey Consensus of the International Conference on Financing for Development³ and the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development ("Johannesburg Plan of Implementation"),⁴

Reaffirming the importance of the timely and full realization of the development goals and objectives agreed at the major United Nations conferences and summits, including the Millennium Development Goals,

Recognizing that empowerment of the poor is essential for the effective eradication of poverty and hunger,

Reaffirming that the rule of law at the national and international levels is essential for sustained economic growth, sustainable development and the eradication of poverty and hunger,

⁴ Report of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, Johannesburg, South Africa, 26 August-4 September 2002 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.03.II.A.1 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 2, annex.



¹ See resolution 60/1.

² See resolution 55/2.

³ Report of the International Conference on Financing for Development, Monterrey, Mexico, 18-22 March 2002 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.02.II.A.7), chap. I, resolution 1, annex.

Reaffirming also that each country must take primary responsibility for its own development and that the role of national policies and development strategies cannot be overemphasized in the achievement of sustainable development, and recognizing that national efforts should be complemented by supportive global programmes, measures and policies aimed at expanding the development opportunities of developing countries, while taking into account national conditions and ensuring respect for national ownership, strategies and sovereignty,

- 1. *Takes note* of the final report of the Commission on Legal Empowerment of the Poor, entitled *Making the Law Work for Everyone*;⁵
- 2. *Stresses* the importance of sharing best national practices in the area of legal empowerment of the poor;
- 3. Requests the Secretary-General to submit a report to the General Assembly at its sixty-fourth session on the legal empowerment of the poor, under the agenda item entitled "Eradication of poverty and other development issues", taking into account national experiences in this regard.

⁵ New York, Commission on Legal Empowerment of the Poor and the United Nations Development Programme, 2008.

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